BYNUM CENSURED.

THE INDIANA CONGRESSMAN BE-COMES ABUSIVE.

Offensive Epithets Applied on the Floor to Mr. Bayne, of Pennsylvania.

He is Called to the Bar of the House and Gensure Administered by the Speaker.

A Most Exciting and Disgraceful Episode-Farmer Funston Out Short in a Plea for Lead Ore Duty - Important Changes in the Sugar Schedule Probable-Capital Notes.

Washington, May 27.—A conference was ordered on the senate anti-trust bill.

The house then went into a committee of the whole (Mr. Grossenor, of Ohio) in the thair) on the tariff bill.

Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, asked that the house would proceed as promptly as possible to act on the amendments offered by the committee on ways and means. Then other gentlemen who had substantial benefits to offer night be recognized.

Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, declared that the mannier in which this bill was being considered was fair neither to the house nor to the taxpayers of the country. Paragraph 407 of the bill was on motion of Mr. Mckinley amended so as to read as follows: Mats, rugs, screens, covers, has socks, bed sides, art squares and other portions of carpets or carpeting made wholly or in part of wool not otherwise provided for in this act shall be subjected to the rate of duty herein imposed on carpetings of like character or description. The paragraph imposing a duty of 30 per cent ad valorem on manufacturers of slik not especially provided for, was amended (on motion of Mr. McKinley) by a provise that all such manufactures of which wool or the hair of the camel, goat or other like animals is a component material shall be classified as manufactures of wool.

camel, goat or other like animals is a com-ponent material shall be classified as man-infectures of wool.

On motion of Mr. McKinley an amend-ment was adopted imposing a duty of 50 per cent ad valorem on hone and horn but-ton, and a duty of 4 cents per line on but-ton measure of one-fortieth of one inch per gross on pearl and shell buttons manu-

per gross on pearl and shell buttons manufactured or partly manufactured.

Mr. Outhwaite offered an amendment to the drawback paragraph providing that the relate shall not be paid on tin used in the transportation of petroleum or oil.

Mr. Outhwaite's amendment was rejected—56 to 103. Mesars, Anderson of Kansas, Henderson of Iowa, Mason, Cacadle, Kelly, Dunnell and Kerr, wood in the affirmative. The drawback section was on motion of Mr. McKinley amended so as to read as follows:

Jollows:
Section 34. That where imported materials, on which duties have been paid, are used in the manufacture of articles manufactured in the United States there shall be allowed on the exportation of such articles a drawback equal in amount to the duties paid on the the materials used less! per cent of such duties; provided, that when the articles exported are made in part from domestic materials, the imported materials or the parts of the articles made from such or the parts of the articles made from such materials, shall so appear in the completed article, and that the quantity or measure thereof may be ascertained. And provided further, that the drawback on any article allowed under existing haw shall be continued at the rate herein provided. That the imported material used in the manufacture of articles entitled to drawback of customs duties when exported shall in all cases be paid on such material used and the amount of duties paid thereon shall be ascertained. The fact of the manufacture of such articles in the United States and their exportation therefrom shall be determined and the drawback given thereon shall be made to the manufacturer, exporter, to the agent of either or to the persons to when such manufacturer, exporter or agent shall in writing order such drawback paid under such regulations as the secretary of the treasury shall magazing.

to the internal revenue clause (mainly of an administrative character) which was ordered to be entered in the Record and

derk's desk and had read a letter from James Campbell, of Pittsburg, denying the statements relecting on his character made a few days since by Messrs. Brunn, of Indiana, and Wilson, of West Virginia.

of Indiana, and Wilson, of West Virginia.
The chair allowed the letter to go on
record, ruling that the gentleman who
presented it was responsible for it.

Mr. Funsion, of Kaussa, offered as an
amendment to the metal schedule a proviso that silver ore and all other ores containing lead shall pay a duty of 1% cents
per pound on the lead contained therein
according to sample and assay at the port according to sample and assay at the port of entry. Mr. Function earmestly advocated the adoption of his amendment, declaring that the provision of the bill would de-stroy the smelting interests of the coun-

try.

Mr. Bynum then claimed recognition on a question of personal privilege relating to the Campbell letter. The chair was inclined to think that the letter did not pre-

clined to think that the letter did not pre-sent a matter of personal privilege.

Then ensued a scepe of uprout. Mr.
Bynum endeavored to proceed but he was shouted down by the Hepublican side.

Mr. Bayne added to the confusion by ex-claiming at the top of his voice that a gen-tleman for whom he had the highest re-spect had been charged with forgery and be wanted to research the latter. wanted to present the letter in his de-Mr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, shouted

out to the chairmon that it was not fair to silence the man who had been publicly attacked and let the man speak, who had made himself sponsor of the shanderer and stood in the shoes of a shanderer. Amid intense confusion, excitement laughter and shouts of "louder" Mr. Bayne

issert that he had no doubt the member

Mr. Mills-There is a slander under con-

had stopped him and allowed the gentle-man from Pennsylvannia to go on. The chair stated that he had not permitted the cent the centlemen from Pennsylvania

effect that Mr. Wison and he had said that \$15 a month was enough for any glass-blower. In his district where he was known the affidavit had not been circulated but it has been circulated in Mr. Wilson's district. He had telegraphed to the West Virginia papers denouncing Campbell as a liar and perjurer. Since the gentleman from Pennsylvania constituted himself the sewer through which the artack of Campbell made its way into the Record—

No. Charlies of Indians, made the point.

Mr. Cheadle, of Indiana, made the point dents of the session.

of order that the language was out of or-der. The chair thought that the word "sewer" in this connection was hardly par-

Mr. Bynum—I withdraw it then and say "conduit." Since the gentleman from Pennysivania was the conduit through which the statement of Campbell found its way in the Record; since the chair has said that the way a citizen who may feel aggrieved can get into the Record is by the endorsement of a member of the house, I have simply to say that I did the other day, knowing full well the meaning of the words and that I am responsible for them, denoance Mr. Campbell as a liar and a perjurer. I want to say now that I accept and am willing to believe that I have as great confidence in the character of Mr. Campbell as I have in the character of the gentleman who makes this attack upon me. [Excitement and uproar.]

Mr. Cutcheon demanded that the words be taken down, while Mr. Morgan, of Mississippi, stood in front of the chairman's desk and urged that both the letter and the speech be stricken from the Record. He feared that they might lead to trouble outside of the house.

The offensive words were taken down and reported from the clerk's desk.

Mr. Cutcheon moved that the committee. amentary. Mr. Bynum-I withdraw it then and say

and reported from the clerk's desk.

Mr. Cutcheon moved that the committee rise and report the words to the house for its action. This was agreed to—120 to 99—and as Mr. Bayne rose to vote for the motion he was greeted with hering cries of "Bayne, Bayne, Bayne," from the Democratic side. The words having been reported to the house Mr. Breck-inridge, of Kentucky, made the point of order that there was nothing in the report of the committee to show that there had been no intervening business before their utterance and the report to the house. nd reported from the clerk's desk. therance and the report to the house.

The speaker overfuled the point of order in the ground that he must be governed by the report made to him by the chairman of the committee and he must assume hat the committee acted according to the

Mr. Breckinridge appealed from the de-sion. On motion of Mr. Struble, of Iowa, in appeal was laid on the table—yeas 126,

Mr. Briggs, of California, asked that the recapitulation of names be dispensed with, but Mr. Brockinridge objected, suggesting that the members of the house should have time to cool down.

-lost 93 to 118,

The previous question was ordered on the resolution—yeas 129, nays 30.

Mr. Bland (who had voted in the affirm-ative) moved to reconsider. The speaker declined to recognize the motion, declaring it to be distor-

Then for a few moments there was nother scene of confusion, Mr. Bland deanother scene of confusion, Mr. Bland de-claring that the speaker was trampling upon the rules of the honse. The con-fusion, however, was slightly temporary. Mr. Cutcheon contended that the gen-tleman from Indiana had violated all par-liamentary usage by making a direct and personal attack upon the gentleman from Pennsylvania. The question was whether it was parliamentary for one member substantially to to denounce another as a liar and a perjurer. The letter had only been ruled legitimate on the idea that the gentleman from Pennsylvania fathered that letter and he was making an attack which justified everything that had been

gentieman from Pennsylvania fathered that the gentieman from Indiana, [Democratic applause]. As a judge in this case he believed that the gentieman from Indiana was bound to resent the insule. [Applause].

Mr. Springer, and Machine dea that the gentieman from Indiana was bound to resent the insule. [Applause].

Mr. Springer said that the majority in adopting that resolution would set a pressto the internal revenue clause (mainly of an administrative character) which was dent which would not rebound to its benebridered to be entered in the Record and went over until Monday.

This disposed of the committee's amendbrits.

The language of the gentleman from Pennsylvania had put himself out of the pale of bonorable discussion when he imputed dishonorable discussion when he imputed dishonorable methods to members of the Passe. honorable methods to members of the Democratic side of the house. [Applause.]
Mr. Mills. of Texas, said that the contie-man from Pennsylvaniahad given the first man from Pennsylvaniahad given the first offense and when he encountered the manly and chivalrous defense of the gentleman be had attacked he cried like a baby. Democratic appearse. He (Mr. Mills) had no hope on earth that the majority would do anything except punish Mr. Bynum, because that was the only way it could pull its beaten man out of the context. The majority way in the context the context of the co

est. [Democratic applause.] The ma-ority had not forgotten that Mr. Bynum all characterized the action of the speaker it descrived to be characterized and it as it deserved to be characterized and it was for that that the gentleman from Michigan was made the public presecutor in the name of the honor and dignity of the house. (Bemocratic applause and Re-publican hisses.)

publican hisses.]

Mr. McKinley asked what was the question presented? Was the language which ind been read unparliamentary and in violation of the rules of the house and the decorum of parliamentary debate? That was the only question upon which members were to vote, not as partisans but as judges. Did any one doubt that the words were unparliamentary and in violation of the rules of the house? Some gentlemental that the words were justified. No said that the words were justified. No words were justified in violation of the rules of the body and the decorum of parliamentary proceedings [Republican applause]. Language might be provoked. applause). Language might be provoked. There might be provocation for the use of imparliamentary language in the heat of delate sometimes; every member indulged in it, but that was no excuse.

After a number more speeches, Mr. Springer demanded a division on the resolation and the first resolution declaring that Mr. Ryman merited censure of the house was adopted—Yeas 128, and nays 163 The second resolution providing for the presence of Mr. Bynun before the lar of Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, said that the the loss was also adopted—year 126, navs to hill was made consideration.

Mr. Mills—There is a slander under con-denation.

Mr. Bynum complained that the chair and stopped him and allowed the gentle-tur accompanied by all of his Democratic associations who could find room in the imited space and who were loud in their appliance. The speaker obtained order and requested the gratiemen to take their seats. Mr. Springer, acting as spoke-man for his party, declined to do so.

they did. The chair had done all be could and was not responsible for the gentlemen proceeding out of order.

Mr. Cannon made the point of order that when the committee was acting under a rule of the house it was not in order so allow gentlemen to wash their dirty least.

The of the house it was not in order so allow gentlemen to wash their dirty linen against the rule of the house. [Loud Democratic cheers and cries for order.]

The chair was of the opinion that it was a question of personal privilege and over them said calmly. The house of representatives perceives that it is impossible for the chair to enforce order on acsible for the chair to enforce order on account of the action of cectain hombers, the interest of fair play to allow the gentleman from Indiana to proceed, no matter duty under the present condition of diswhat the rules might be. After half an hour's uprear Mr. Bynum armagned at the bar for having transgot the floor amid comparative quiet and gressed its rules by your remarks. For said that the Campbell adhiavit was to the effect that Mr. Wilson and he had said should be censured at its bar. In the name

THE GRANT STATUE. The Appropriation Increased to \$300,000

and the Bill Passes. Washington, May 17.—The bills on the calendar were taken up and the following (among others) were passed: To pay to the assignees of John Roach \$38,840 for extra work on the monitor Puritan and \$20,274 for the care of the monitor Roanoke; the senate bill to pay \$30,000 to the diaughters of Joseph Henry, late secretary of the Smithsonian institute, in compensation of his public services.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR'S LATEST UTTERANCES.

idaughters of Joseph Henry, late secretary of the Smithsonian institute, in compensation of his public services.

The senate bill appropriating \$100,000 for a bronze equestrian statue of General Ulysses S. Grant, in the city of Washington, having been reached on the calendar, Mr. Hoar suggested that an equesterian statue was hardly the proper mode of doing honor to General Grant, Equesterian statutes almost encumbered the city of Washington. He had hoped that when the great bridge across the Potomac at Arlington (crossing the boundary line between the two sections of the country) was erected, as it would be, a suitable memorial would be placed upon it of Lincoln and Grant as an emblem of the united country which they had helped to save and to preserve united and free.

Mr. Edmunds said that whatever he might believe upon the subject of public buildings he believed that some memorial should be raised to the memory of General Grant, that great and just man. He therefore hoped that however inadequate in the long and final sense this equestrian statue might be and however inadequate in the long and final sense this equestrian statue might be and however much congress might desire by and by on some memorial bridge or arch to pay further respect to his memory, this simple thing would be done now. He would suggest, however, to omit the word "equestrian" and to let the bill provide simply for a monment and statue. He made that motion and it was agreed to. The bill was further amended by increasing the appropriation to \$300,000 and so amended the bill passed.

After an executive session the senate adjourned.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS.

Mr. Breckinzidge objected, suggesting that the members of the house should have time to cool down.

Mr. Cutcheon then offered the following:

Resolved, That the member from dadiana, Mr. William D. Bynum, in the language used by bim in committee of the whole and taken down and reported to the house and read at the clerks desk, has been guilty of a violation of the rules and privileges of the house for the same.

Resolved, That the same William D. Bynum be now brought to the bar of the house for the same.

Resolved, That the same William D. Bynum be now brought to the bar of the house for the same.

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Resolved, That the same William D. Bynum be now brought to the bar of the house for the same william D. Bynum be now brought to the bar of the house by the sergeant-at arms and there censure of the house be administered by the speaker.

Mr. Cutcheon demanded the previous question and suggestions of "gag law" from the Democratic side.

Mr. Springer made the point of order that before a resolution of censure could be adopted the speaker must decide that the language was unparlamentary.

The speaker overruled the point of order that before a resolution of censure could be adopted the speaker must decide that the language was unparlamentary.

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The speaker william D. Benning D. Mr. Curcheon demanded the previous operation and suggestions of "gag law" from the Democratic side.

Mr. Springer made the point of order that before a resolution of censure could be adopted the speaker must decide that the language was unparliamentary.

The speaker overruled the point of order.

Mr. Greenhalge, of Massachusetts, asked unanimous corseat that Mr. Bynum be permitted to make an explanation, but Mr. Martin, of Indiana, objected.

Mr. Springer made the point of order.

Mr. Springer made that t

NATIONAL ELECTION MEASURES. Washington, May 17.—The committee ppointed by the house Republican caucus Washington, May 12.—The communication appointed by the house Republican caucus to determine upon the respective merits of the national election law proposed by Mr. Lodge and the bill presented by Mr. Rowell to extend the supervisory system held a meeting this morning and finally decided to report the cancus favorably upon upon both measures. The majority in the communication against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian exiles in Siberia. The remonstrating against the outrages upon Russian e

changes made in the language of the hosiery sections; the Massachusetts Granite company is seeking an additional degree of protection and the glove importers and lead ore refining interests are still working to secure relief, but perhaps the greatest pressure is being brought to bear by the coufficting sugar interest. Repre-sentative McKinley announces that he will submit a proposition looking to a cut of 13 per cent in the sugar duties, dividing from No. 16 to 13 Dutch standard. The California sugar men will accept this heavy cut rather than have the hounts pian adopted and like results are expected from the southern states. Meanwhile some of the western representatives are preparing to lead a crusade in favor of free sugar, so that the ways and means committee may have to face an-

POSTMASTERS CONFIRMED. WASHINGTON, May 18.—The senate in executive session today confirmed the following Missouri postmasters: M. W. Laughlin, Monroe City, J. M. Robertson, Trenton; J. H. Walker, DeSoto.

TABERNACLE MEETING.

KINGMAN, Kan., May 17.-There will be cle meeting in South Kingman, May 29, and continuing fill 80. Rev. M. L. Haney, of the ilinois conference, will have Central Illinois conference, will have charge of the services, assisted by Rev. G. L. Miller, of the Illinois conference, Rev. S. B. Rheads and neighboring minisas follows: Large size, \$1.50 small size, \$2, for the season of ten days. For further information write to Rev. A. W. Cummings, paster for M. E. church of South Kingman, Kan.

FROST SUCCEEDS JOHNSON. TOPEKA, Kan., May 17.—John E. Frost has been appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of A. S. John-son, land commissioner of the Atchison. Topeka & Santa Fe railroad ocmpany,

SISTARES' SCHEDULES. NEW YORK, May 17.—George Sistares & Sons, who failed recently, filed their schedules today. They show liabilities \$16.026, 753; actual assets \$23,341; nominal assets \$15,040.

FROSTS IN IOWA.

Waterico, In., May 17.—There was a severe frost throughout this section Thursday night and yesterday morning and extending into Illinois. Ice froze to the thickness of a window pane. bles and fruit were seriously damaged. Potatoes suffered most in Iowa. At Gal-lena, Ill., the grape crop was ruined.

RESIGNED FOR GOOD. Mr. Goddard Severes His Connection With the Santa Fe.

CHICAGO, III., May I7.—J. F. Goddard, first vice president of the Santa Fe, resigned today and the resignation was acof to take effect June 1. The personal differences between Mr. Goddard and Traffic Manager Hanley which caused a tender of Mr. Goddard's resignation a tender of Mr. Gordani's resignation a month ago proved ten great. It is under-stood, to be overcome by President Man-vel's attempt to restore barmony.

Did you sit up late last night? Brady-crotine will stop that headache this moru-

VERY SIGNIFICANT.

cent Friendly Relations with

The Solidity of the Triple Alliance Shows by His Attitude to be as Firm as Ever.

Russian Official Circles Much Irritated-Mr. Gladstone Makes Caustic Comment Upon England's Protest Against Siberian Outrages -Items from the Old World.

opyrighted 1800 by the New York Associated Press BERLIN, May 17.—Short as the emperor's fterances at Konigsberg were, they ufficed to irritate the Russian government and dispel all delusions regarding the pos-sibility of a renewal of the entente with

"my provinces here in the least to be fine bill was further amended by increasing the appropriation to \$300,000 and so mended the bill passed.

After an executive session the senate djourned.

DEASONS FOR MANGARS

noticed.

Within the official circles here the emperor's deliverance caused no surprise in view of advices from Paris pointing to closer relations between the French and Russian foreign offices. Another pregnant fact is Chancellor Von Caprivi's announced design to place one of the two new army corps on the Russian frontier.

The emperor did not without forethought say yesterday that if obliged to draw the sword those who troubled peace would find rd those who troubled peace would find the German sword as heavy as they were twenty years ago. Both speeches contain a veiled but emphatic declaration of the solidity of the dreibund as to its yigh-

lance against the common enemy.

Yesterday the army commission came up in the reichstag. General Von Caprivi intends to hasten the passage of the measure. The temper of the reichstag corresponds with the demands of the government.

government.

The budget committee, which has charge of the colonial estimates has practically approved them. The progress of Major Wissmann announced in telegrams which reached the government yesterday evening will accelerate the committee's decision. Wissmann reports the occupation of the country from Lindi to Mikindani without fighting and the general submission of the ing and the general submission of the Arabs chiefs of the region toward the Rovuma river. Wissmann is hopeful of securing an opening route to the Nyansas,

IN A GLASS HOUSE

English Throwing Stones at the Russian

ght tax on the spirit used in vinegar mak-ig with a view to guarding against illicit istilling. The committee has not yet the act is at present known.

BOULANGER DISMISSES HIS COM-MITTEE. Paris, May 17.-General Boulanger has

written a letter from the island of Jersey, in which he says that he no longer desires any intermediary between himself and his

limits of the main question. Not only is the whole tariff system of the United States attacked, but the events which led up to the American rebellion are brought into requisition as condusive arguments. A resolution condemning Sunday newspapers was referred to the committee on the Soldberh against what the journals are pleased to term the unbecoming attitude of the United States government through its rep-resentatives. Mr. Terrell's opposition and his refusal to recede from it will probably cause a modification of the action of the

MURDERED BY A . MANIAC.

PEARS' is the purest and best soap eves A Poor Farm Superintendent Horribly Mutilated by a Patient.

> FREEPORT, Ill., May 17.-A dreadful affair occurred at the county poor farm this merning. Jacob S. Reisinger, for many years the superintendent of the institu-tion, was murdered with an ax by an in-sane man named William Wilhelm. It sane man named William Wilhelm. It appears that Superintendent Reisinger and a farm hand named Gangle and Wilhelm started out in a wagen to build a fense. The front seat was occupied by Reisinger and bis man and the lunatic stood up behind them. Wilhelm picked up an ax that was in the wagon and raising it brought the sharp edge down with tremen dons force on the head of Reisinger. Gandle jumped off the wagon and rais for his dous force on the head of Reisinger. Gan-dle jumped off the wagon and ran for his life. After Wilhelm had inflicted ten ents with the ax on his victim's head and bedy he jumped and made for Gandle. The horse ran away and threw the body out. The maniac was caught in the barbed wire fence, but afterward started away with the axe in his hand. It is feared that he will kill the first war, he meets.

he will kill the first man he meets. The affair has created the wildest excitement and a small army of men are scouring the country in search of the murderer and they will shoot him to pieces on sight.

THE NEW TRANSPORTATION ROUTE. Chicago, Ill., May IV.—The Evening Journal says: The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad has formed a new route for carrying export corn which bids fair to cut a considerable figure in the business. The route is from Kansas points on the Market Parkey. Atchison to Galvesion and thence by water to Liverpool. The first boat on the new route started with its load of Kansas

In chronic cases of neuralgia, rheumathe chronic cases of neuragia, rhedma-tism or goat, where the disturbing causa-is a certain acid which poisons the blood. Salvation Oil should be used. This now-erful pain destroyer will in time dissolve the poison circulating in the blood, and bring relief when all others fail. Price 25 cents.

The latest news from Zululand comes by cable. The warriors have all married, they desire in the future peace and happiness and enough Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

A SEVEN-FOOT JUMP. Washington, May 17.—S. S. Howland's high jumping herse, Ontario, today made a jump of seven feet thus breaking his own and all other records.

Our special sale last week on Lace Curtains was all we expected, as we sold out several lines, princigrades This week we would like to close out ful poles and fixtures

extra charge. Come again this week. Cheneille Portiers at about one-half Areade. the usual price.

Beaded Wraps, new Arcade. styles. This price is made to close this line

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 17.—At the morning session of the Presbyterian general assembly the greetings of the assembly were sent to the assemblies of the Southern Presbyterian, the Cumberland Presbyterians and the United Presbyterians. Rev. J. D. Smith reported from the committee on the revision of the text, of faith and catechism, said that they have completed work on the confession and asked to be continued for that on catechism, which was done. The board of relief for disabled ministers and the widows and orphans of deceased ministers presented its thirty-fifth annual report. Forty different persons on the rolls have died and seventy-seven families have been added to it. The income of the board from all sources is \$159,245 for the year and the expenditures \$143,982 for the same period, leaving a balance of \$15,263. A resolution was adopted urging the churches to raise THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY. was adopted urging the churches to raise not less than \$150,000. In taking up the report of the commit-tee on methods making changes in the nfession and constitution it and Patterson speeches be limited to ten minutes. Mr. Crosby spoke in favor of re-vision. Mr. Patterson held that the Presbyteries as well as the assembly have legislative power that can set asid modify the authority of scripture.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE. any intermediary between himself and his supporters, and he therefore dissolves the Boulangist national committee.

MINISTER TERRELL INVOLVED WITH BELGIUM.

LONDON, May 17.—The opposition of United States Minister Terrell to the action of the anti-slavery conference at Brussels, confirming the right of the Congostate to impose an import, tax has aroused the government press to fury and precipitated a discussion leading far behind the limits of the main question. Not only is the whole tariff system of the United States attacked, but the events which led

The salaries of bishops were raised from 100 to Si.60. the latter to include travel ing expenses. A proposition to devote a part of the mission fund to aid the Paine institute at Augusta. Ga., and the Lane institute at Jackson, Tenn., both colored schools, was defeated by a decided ma-Adjourned.

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS. BATIMORE, Md., May 17.—The interest in the conference of charities and correction increases each day. There are are present nearly 200 members, exclusive of those of Baltimore. At the session this foreneon several papers were read. At the afternoon session the delegates visited the John Honking hospital under the direction. BATTIMORE, M.G., 1887.
In the conference of charities and correction increases each day. There are now present nearly 200 members, exclusive of those of Ealtimore. At the session this foreneon several papers were read. At the afternoon several papers were read. At the session this section of Dr. Hurd. Indianapolis was chosen as the family at a small pine table on which was a dinner of brown bread, fat fried park on the family at a small pine table on which was a dinner of brown bread, fat fried park on the family at a small pine table on which was a dinner of brown bread, fat fried park of the personness of days gone by.

Medicine sent to all parts of the country. Send for question blank.

JAS. W. ENO,

Furniture Man,



Refrigerators and Ire Chests at Wholesale and Retail.

Send for our New Illustrated Catalogue with trade discount.

Dealers, we can save you freight and furnish you goods that are sellers.

.W. ENO. WICHITA, KANSAS.

LACE: CURTAINS! ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL WEEK

THEARCADE

OUR LOW PRICES DRAW NEW BUSINESS.

Why pay 60 cents for

Why pay 20 cents for clipthe few pairs left of the ped mull white dress goods when you can get them at better grades Beauti- the Arcade for only 14 ctst of extra long lace curtains

given with every pair of curtains without you can get them at Arcade for only 68 cents? Please figure out this saving.

1000 Novelty Japanese Fans for decoration, at the

Only 98 cents. 100 Gents Balbriggan undershirts only 38 cents at the

Why pay \$5.00 for one of French challies when you the new embroidered yoke pally in the lower can get the self same goods capes when you can get at the Arcade are 50 cents! them at the Arcade for 3.75. Save the difference and give it to the poor.

> Why pay \$5.00 for a pair when you can get them at the Arcade for \$3.50! It Why pay \$1.00 for pure will please you to save this silk vests for ladies when \$1.50.

> > The New Fichu 1.38, 1.75 and 2.50. Come to Arcade.

> > Our Fast Black Hose, worth 40 cents, for 25 cents, Nothing thrown in.

> > Ladies lysle vests, worth 25 cents, only 10 cents.

THE CHEAPEST STORE IN WICHITA.

P. S.—Webster's, Russia, unabridged, 1500 illustra-



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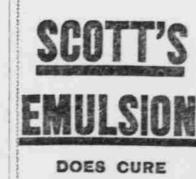
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out as the chairs were pushed back one of the children, a little girl of perhaps to

years, suddenly exclaimed: "I know what good victuals is. You, making, I know what the." "Do you, indeed?" snewered the embar-rassed teacher, at a loss what to say, but ashamed to say nothing

Yes, ma'am, I know what good victuals



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